## **Faculty of Electronics and Telecommunications**

STUDY MODULE D	ESCRIPTION FORM		
		Code 1010831171010833981	
Field of study  Electronics and Telecommunications	Profile of study (general academic, practical) general academic	Year /Semester 4 / 7	
Elective path/specialty	Subject offered in:	Course (compulsory, elective)	
Telecommunication Systems	Polish, English	elective	
Cycle of study:	Form of study (full-time,part-time)		
First-cycle studies	full-time		
No. of hours		No. of credits	
Lecture: 1 Classes: 1 Laboratory: 1	Project/seminars:	- 2	
Status of the course in the study program (Basic, major, other)	(university-wide, from another fi	eld)	
major from field			
Education areas and fields of science and art		ECTS distribution (number and %)	
technical sciences	2 100%		
Technical sciences		2 100%	
Responsible for subject / lecturer:			
dr inż. Jan Lamperski email: jlamper@et.put.poznan.pl tel. +48 61 665 3809 Faculty of Electronics and Telecommunications			
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## Prerequisites in terms of knowledge, skills and social competencies:

1	Knowledge	Basic knowledge of mathematics, EM field theory, optics and optocommunications.
2	Skills	Skills in the field of electronic metrology.
3	Social competencies	Ability to work in a group.

## Assumptions and objectives of the course:

ul. Piotrowo 3A 60-965 Poznań

In-depth knowledge and understanding of the design, operation and features of various optical devices used in optical transmission systems and equipment for the processing of optical signals.

# Study outcomes and reference to the educational results for a field of study

## Knowledge:

- 1. The student has knowledge of the physical behavior of passive and active optical components [-K1\_W02]
- 2. Has knowledge of the features and possible applications of optical and optoelectronic materials [-K1\_W02, K1\_W08]
- 3. Understands physical principles of operation and construction of the selected optical elements and optoelectronic devices (directional couplers, modulators, photodiodes, lasers, optical amplifiers, optical filters, acousto-optical cell. [- K1 W21 K1 W08]
- 4. Understands the applications in which advanced photonics devices and sub-modules are used [-K1-W24, K1\_W21]

### Skills:

- 1. Can define requirements and select appropriate optical elements for the specific application. [-K1\_U12]
- 2. Can calculate the basic parameters of optoelectronic components [-K1\_U08, K1\_U20]
- 3. Has design skills to define problems, identifies constrains propose solutions for specific applications to fulfill performance and required specification [-K1\_U20]
- 4. Able to measure basic properties of optoelectronic components [-K1\_U17]

#### Social competencies:

- 1. Has awareness of the necessity of professional approach to solving of technical problems. [-K1\_K01]
- 2. Understands the role of photonics in next-generation systems for signal processing and transmission [-K1\_K04]
- 3. Is aware of the advantages of optical technology and necessity of transition from electronics to photonics. [-K1\_K04]

#### **Faculty of Electronics and Telecommunications**

#### Assessment methods of study outcomes

Final test, colloquium, lab reports.

### **Course description**

Duality of light: rays, waves, electromagnetism, quanta. Polarization of light. Electro- and acousto-optic effects. Nonlinear optics. Fundamentals of quantum mechanics.

Selected components of integrated optics: planar waveguides, directional couplers, EAM (Franz-Keldysh), MZM, AOM.

Photonic crystal fibers. PCF supercontinuum.

Fabry-Perot resonator.

Optoelectronic semiconductor materials: electrical carriers, energy band-gap structure, direct indirect semiconductors.

Interaction of radiation with atoms.

Basic principles of light detection and emission in semiconductors. LED electrical and optical features. Semiconductor optical amplifiers. Properties of F-P, DFB, DBR semiconductor lasers. Mode locked lasers.

Modulators for advanced modulation formats: PSK, QPSK, DQPSK, PolSK. Coherent detection. Detection of multileve optical signals. SOA: Wavelength conversion and regeneration. Nonlinear based all optical signal processing and regeneration (NOM, SL, SPM-MZI). Optical switching: MEMS, OE, LC, CI technology. Optical control loops: OIL, OPLL. Optical computers.

Optical comb generation. Optical frequency standards.

#### Basic bibliography:

- 1. Optoelektronika, B. Ziętek, UMK, Toruń, 2004
- 2. Optyczne przetwarzanie informacji, K. Gniadek, PWN, Warszawa, 1992
- 3. Optical Electronics in Modern Communications, A. Yariv, Oxford University Press, N. York, 1998
- 4. Pomiary w optycznych systemach telekomunikacyjnych, K. Perlicki, WKŁ, 2002
- 5. http://www.rp-photonics.com/encyclopedia.html

#### Additional bibliography:

- 1. Wstęp do optyki, J.R. Meyer-Arendt, PWN, Warszawa, 1979
- 2. http://www.invocom.et.put.poznan.pl/~invocom/C/P1-9/swiatlowody\_en/index.htm

## Result of average student's workload

Activity	Time (working hours)
1. Participation in lectures	15
2. Participation in classes	15
3. Participation in labs	15
4. Selfstudy	13
5. Final test	2

# Student's workload

Source of workload	hours	ECTS
Total workload	50	2
Contact hours	35	1
Practical activities	30	1